## PATENT SPECIFICATION

Application Date: March 21, 1928. No. 8818 / 28.

310,157



Complete Left: Dec. 20, 1928.
Complete Accepted: April 25, 1929.

PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION.

## Improvements relating to Oil and other Liquid Coolers and Heaters and similar Heat Exchanging Apparatus.

We, SERCE RADIATORS LIMITED, a Company duly incorporated under the Laws of Great Britain, SYDNER NELSON PURCHASE, a British Subject, and 5 CHARLES OTTO WAGNER, of Russian Nationality, all of Warwick Road, Greet, in the City of Birmingham, do hereby declars the nature of this invention to be as follows:—

declare the nature of this invention to be
as follows:—

This invention relates to oil and other
liquid coolers and heaters and similar
heat exchanging apparatus of the type
comprising a stack or group of tubes
arranged within a container together
with bafflee or the like adapted to impart
a circuitous course over the exterior of the
tubes to the oil or other liquid to be raised
or lowered in temparature by the heating
or cooling medium flowing through said

20 tubes.

With apparatus as aforesaid difficulties are frequently met in starting up the same in cold weather or under conditions causing a temporary increase in the viscosity of the liquid with a consequent increase in the pressure required to force it in a sinuous or circuitous course through the apparatus.

the apparatus.
This invention comprises means as
the invention comprises means as
the invention comprises means as
the invention of the invention that
the apparatus and for regulating the temperature of the liquid under treatment.

perature of the liquid under treatment.

In accordance with this invention there is provided an alternative or bye-pass of contril. between the ends of the container aforesaid such that the liquid under treatment many flow between the said ends, or from one to the other, without having to take a circuitous course over the tubes onecessitated by the baffles. The said bye-pass or alternative conduit which may be along the centre of the container, is fitted with a valve for regulating the

a flow therethrough and so that either the
whole or any desired part of the liquid
on passing through the apparatus may be
ad directed through said bye-pass or alternaan tive conduit. The said valve may be
at, automatic in its action, and loaded with a
beautiful or otherwise.

spring or otherwise.

The said bye-pass or alternative conduit may be arranged in various ways. Thus for example, it may be formed by externally disposed piping connecting branches or bosses at two ends of the container and fitted with a cantral valve; or it may be formed integrally with the container, or with a unit or units comprising a group or groups of tubes inserted in the container.

In starting up the apparatus under low temperature or other conditions causing a temporary increase in the viscosity of the liquid to be treated, the valve is opened sufficiently to cause most of the liquid to be bye-passed. As the liquid gradually loses viscosity due to rising temperature the quantity flowing through the hye-passe is lessened by the regulation of the valve until the conditions are such as to permit of the entire closing of the bye-pass either by hand or automatically so that all the flow is by way of the sinuous or circuitont course through the container.

The bye-pass or alternative conduit as aforesaid serves also for the regulation of the tamperature of the liquid leaving the apparatus, such regulation being effected by varying the proportions of the flow passing through the circuitous course and the bye-pass by adjustment of the valve of the latter which as mentioned, may be controlled either by hand or auto-

matically.
Dated this 20th day of March, 1928
MARKS & OLERK.

## COMPLETE SPECIFICATION.

Improvements relating to Oil and other Liquid Coolers and Heaters and similar Heat Exchanging Apparatus.

85 We, SEROR RADIATORS IMMITED, a Laws of Great Britain, Sydney Nelson Company duly incorporated under the Purchase, a British Subject, and [Price 1]

Price 33b

Price 4s 6d

CHARLES OTTO WAGNER, of Russian Nationality, all of Warwick Road, Greet, in the City of Birmingham, do hereby declare the nature of this invention and 5 in what manuar the same is to be per-formed, to be particularly described and ascertained in and by the following state-

This invention relates to oil and other 10 liquid coolers and heaters and similar 10 liquid coolers and heaters and similar heat exchanging apparatus of the type comprising a stack or group of tubes arranged within a container together with bailles or the like adapted to impart 15 a circuitous course over the exterior of the tubes to the oil or other liquid to be raised or lowered to temperature by the heating or lowered in temperature by the heating or cooling medium flowing through said

with apparatus as aforesaid difficulties with the contract of are frequently met in starting up the same in cold weather or under conditions causing a temporary increase in the viscosity of the liquid with a consequent 25 increase in the pressure required to force if in a sinuous or direntious course through

the apparatus.

This invention comprises means as hereinafter described for avoiding said.

30 difficulties and for regulating the temperature of the liquid under treatment.

In the consumeration sheet of explana-In the accompanying sheet of explana-

tory drawings:—

Kigures 1 and 3 are sectional aide

35 elevations respectively showing two modes of applying our invention to an oil cooling

or appracus.

apparatus is of known construction insofar as it includes the following features.

Within the central body 10 ing features. Within the central body part a are arranged an annular group of tubes b along the centre of which group an axial space is list. The inlet to the body is indicated by o and the outlet by d.

15 The oil to be couled passes through the parts c, d and around the tubes. The cooling medium enters at and passes out at f. after flowing through the tubes, the connections s, f being arranged in componentians with the usual end boxes g, h.

In accordance with this invention there is applied to an oil or other cooler or heater 40 ing features.

is applied to an oil or other cooler or heater of the above described type an alternative or trye-pass conduit between the andsof the under treatment may flow between the said ends, or from one, to the other, without having to take a druuitous course over the tubes necessitated by the baffies i. The said bye-pass or alternative conduit; 05 or any desired part of the liquid passing through the apparatus may be directed through said bye-pass or alternative conduit. The valve h is automatic in its action, being loaded by a spring ! or otherwise.

The said bys-pass or alternative conduit may be arranged in various ways. Thus, for example, it may be formed by an exfor example, it may be formed by an ex-ternally disposed channel m on the body connecting the inlet and outlet c, d, the channel being fitted with a valve k which is controlled by a spring l as shown in Figure 2, or by a weight.

In starting up the apparatus under low temperature or other conditions causing a

temperature or other conditions causing a temperature or other conditions causing a temporary increase in the viscosity of the liquid to be treated, the valve automatically opens sufficiently under the pressure of the liquid to cause most of the liquid to be bye-passed. As the liquid gradually loses viscosity due to rising temperature the quantity flowing through the bye-pass is lessened by the closing of the valve by the spring until the conditions are such as to permit the flow to occur wholly or mainly along the sinuous or circuitous course through the container.

"The bye-pass or alternative conduit as

The bye-pass or alternative conduit as The bye-pass or alternative conduit as afformatid serves also for the regulation of the temperature of the liquid leaving the apparatus, such regulation being effected by varying the proportions of the flow passing through the circuitous course and the bye-pass by adjustment of the valve. This adjustment is effected by adjusting 100 the controlling force on the spring or weight. When it is desired to be able to adjust at any time the valve arranged as adjust at any time the valve arranged as shown in Figure 1, the part containing the valve stem and spring is extended to project beyond the outer cover of the box

to afford convenient access thereto.

The invention is not limited to the examples above described and construc-tional details may be varied to meet 110 different requirements.

Having now particularly described and ascertained the nature of our said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, we declare that what we the claim is:—

claim is:

1. In oil and other liquid coolers and heaters and similar heat exchanging apparatus, of the type specified, the employment of a bye-pass fitted with an auto-120 matio valve, substantially as described.

2. In oil and other liquid coolers and heaters and similar, heat exchanging apparatus as claimed in Claim 1. the employ-

ratus as claimed in Claim 1, the employment within or at the exterior of the 125 apparatus, of a hye-pass connecting inlet and outlet portions and fitted with a which may be along the centre of the container as shown in Figure 1, is fitted with a valve k for regulating the flow therethrough and so that either the whole stantially as described.

8. In oil and other liquid coolers and 130

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heaters and similar heat exchanging apparatus as claimed in Claim 1, means for automatically bye-passing fluid substantially as described and illustrated.

Dated this 6th day of December, 1928.

MARKS & CLERK.

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